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SALT LAKE CITY, - MAY 31, 1904

PORT ARTHUR.

Is Port Arthur worth the sacrifices already made for its possession, and those that are about to be made? It seems so. For on the possession of that harbor, the outcome of the present struggle in Asia may depend.

Russia is undoubtedly about strengthen her naval forces in Asia with as many ships as she can spare from the Baltic squadron, or that can be purchased. To Russia it makes all the difference in the world whether she owns Port Arthur or whether that port falls into the hands of the Japanese For where could she shelter her ships, and where effect necessary repairs, if she has no naval station, with docks and harbor? Where obtain supplies?

Equally important is that harbor to the Japanese, since the loss of supremacy on the sea would almost certainly mean the collapse of the land opera-Japan must capture Port Arthur before the arrival of re-enforcements from the Baltic provinces. That is the reason why the military activity around that place is so intense at present. But there will be sanguinary encounters. In 1894 the Japanese captured Port Arthur from the Chinese in 20 days after landing their troops on the peninsula, but Port Arthur is ten times as strong today as it was then. And it is better defended.

The plan of campaign seems to have changed some recently. Originally Port Arthur was not considered worth the fearful price that must be paid for it, as the Russian fleet was bottled up in the harbor. But now the Jap anese are clearly seeking to obtain possession, while the Russians are going to endeavor to hold it at any cost, as, unless they can do so, there seems to be little sense in dispatching more ships to the scene of conflict.

MISS REYNOLD'S REPLY.

We have already, in these columns, referred to an episode of the convention of the Federation of Women's clubs at St. Louis, when the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints was fiercely attacked as a menace to pure morals and free government, but valiantly defended by a "Mormon" delegate, Miss Alice Reynolds of Provo We have now received the reports of two St. Louis papers on that part of the proceedings, and we believe they will be of general interest to our readers. The St. Louis Globe-Democrat tells the story in this paragraph:

"After the remarks of Mrs. Allen of Utah. Miss Reynolds of Provo, Utah, the Mormon member of the federation, arose and the house listened to her with arose and the house listened to her with great attention. She stated that she wanted to stand for purity in the home, and that the woman in Utah who is not loyal or who does not stand for absolute purity in the home is as hard to find as the proverbial 'needle in the haystack.' 'I have the suffrage and have always voted just as I chose, and at no time have I been influenced by my Church in my vote in the slightest degree. I am a Democrat and have been a consistant Democrat. The fact that of the Utáh senators only one up to the present time has been a Mormon the present time has been a Mormo clearly indicates that the people of Utah have stood for party measure and not for Church measures, as th Mormon vote could control the state and the legislature. Gentiles have been loyal to the division on party lines and have voted for Mormons. Mormons too have been loyal to the division on party lines, and have voted for Gentlies, and we resent any imputation that we have been untrue to the pledge made to divide on party lines."

The St. Louis Post-Dispatch of May 25, says:

"A hush came over the Federation of Women assembled Wednesday afternoon at the Odeon when Miss Alice Reynolds of Provo, Utah, was recog-nized by the chair,

"The expected had come to pass, and the suspense of the great assemblage of women was impressive, for the tall, self-possessed young woman who had gained the floor was quite generally recognized as a teacher in the Brigham Young university. She had come to de-

'Her clearly enunciated words pierced e unwonted stillness of the conven-

There are two sides to every ques tion, spoke Miss Reynolds, and I ask this gathering to hear my side. I, too, am for the purity of the American home, no less than are the worthy la-dies who have preceded me in their attack on my religion. Every Mormon woman is for the purity of the Ameri-can home and for the defense of every law of the nation, I am a Mormo and a voter. I am a Democrat, b sever in voting have I distinguished be tween the religion of the candidates. I have never been approached and asked to vote one way or the other We Mormon women vote absolutely a we please. Only once have we sent a man of our religious faith to the St-nate. Look over the facts and you will see that we have always been true to our

"At this point the gavel fell, for the time allotted to the discussion had ex-pired, and considerable applause awarded the young speaker's efforts as she

cut her remarks off in the middle of a sentence and took her seat. "Yet every woman who applauded was regarded from beneath uplifted eyebrows by her immediate neighbors in the convenience.

in the convention.

"Miss Reynolds defense of Mormonism was precipitated by the presentation of a set of resolutions by Mrs. Frederick Schoff, president of the National Congress of Mothers and chairman of the legislative committee of the federation. It had been expected, moreover, since the passage of last Saturday's resolution, introduced by Mrs. W. W. Boyd of South Dakota, to the effect that no woman should be a member of the fedwoman should be a member of the fed-eration who was also a member of any that. organization violating the laws of the United States."

The facts appear to be very much as previously represented. Miss Reynolds was interrupted after a few brief remarks, in the middle of a sentence, because the "time limit" for the discussion had expired. No effort was made to obtain unanimous consent for a few minutes more time, although a church had been attacked on account of base-It is also true today. less slander. The ladles dominating the convention showed a lamentable lack PRESIDENTIAL YEAR. of fairness, and a disposition adverse

subject discussed. Miss Reynolds performed a delicate and difficult duty well. She emphasized the fact that "Mormon" women are for the purity of the home and public morals, and that politics in Utah are as free as the mountain air, as far as the Church cares. Would it be too much to ask those interested in Utah affairs, to consider the testimony of those who know, by experience, what the true condition is, rather than to form their opinions in accordance with the testimony of enemies, or persons with selfish motives? Remember the argument of the wolf, in the dispute with the

to obtaining true information on the

ONE MORE TESTIMONY.

As a matter of historical interest, and not as an argument on either side of the question of plural marriage, the "News" has printed communications from readers who were members of the Church in the earliest days, containing testimonies to the fact that the doctrine was taught by he Prophet Joseph, though some have disputed this well established fact. Here is another letter, dated Lyman, Wyo., May 24, and signed by Eveline Rollins:

"During our stake conference held here in Lyman May 14 and 15, President Baxter asked me to speak and bear my testimony to the divine mission of Jo-seph Smith, the Prophet. I did so, and related some of my personal experiences. Brother Baxter and J. G. Kimball then suggested that I write a few

lines to the 'News.'
"The agitation over the 'Mormon' question causes me to write and bear my testimony with the rest of the few veterans that are left. I KNOW of a surety that Joseph Smith did preach the principle of celestial marriage, for I was present at a meeting held in Nauvoo in July, 1843, when he told the people that he had received a revelation on ple that he had received a revelation on that principle, which was first written on the twelfth of July, 1843.

"I was one of the favored ones present at the organization of the first Relief society, organized by the Prophet Joseph. I became a member at the same time, Those were days to be resame time. Those were days to be remembered by the very few who are left to tell the tales of persecutions, wrongs and outrages to which the Saints were subjected. I wish my husband, James Henry Rollins, passed through all the trials, persecutions, and drivings with the Saints in early days. He was one of the Prophet's body guard, and was at one time cast into prison at Rich-mond, Mo., with the Prophet.

"I was baptized into the Church when eight years of age. I was 81 years of age on the 16th of the present month. We came to Utah in Amasa Lyman's company in the fall of 1848, moved to company in the fall of 1848, moved to California in company with Charles C. Rich and Amasa Lyman. We were again recalled to Utah, and have lived in Minersville, Utah, since then, until recently. At present I am living with my daughter at Lyman, Wyo. My hus-band died here five years ago, at the age of 82 years. "EVELINE ROLLINS."

GERMANIC CONGRESS.

In the middle of September what is alled a Germanic congress is to be held at St. Louis, to celebrate the achievements of German culture. This was decided on by the convention of the National German Alliance in Baltimore last September, "not," says the circular of the Alliance, "to glorify Germanic enterprise and virtue, but to further the interests of science and international brotherhood. The German-Americans believe that such a congress will be of great scientific value, and, at the same time, lead to a better un-Gerstanding between the Germanic

races." It is noted that immigration into the United States in recent years has ceased to, be predominantly Germanic, but has "assumed a prependerstingly Romanic and Slavic character." It will be one of the objects of the congress to study this phenomenon and its probable effects. "The representation of the several Germanic elements," it is held, "as well as of the non-Germanic races, must be determined before we an forecast the character of the future American nation." The invitation to attend this convention is extended to the 'Germanist" of all lands, to specialists in ethnology, in German, American, English, Swedish, Danish, Dutch and other Germanic languages and literature, and also to ethnological and ethnographical societies.

REJOICING IN THE GOSPEL.

The "News" is in receipt of a letter from a gentleman at Excelsior Springs, Mo, who says that he has just joined the Church. He relates with deepfelt gratitude that on the day of his baptism, he experienced a "baptism of fire," and he was healed of a disease pronounced incurable, one of which he had suffered for fifteen years. He says he had been praying for years for divine light and power, and he desires to acknowledge the answer of God to his prayers in the recent experiences he has had. How he came to investigate and embrace the Gospel, he tells

"I was reading the newspapers in regard to Senator Smoot, and that set me to thinking. After reading one side, I desired to see the other side. I was searching for the truth. I found a man here by the name of Cox, and he was taking the Deseret News. He lent it to me to read, and then he brought me some books to read, and I read, and the more I read, the more I could see that the 'Mormon' Church was the only Church that had divine authority. I ly Church that had divine authority was very much impressed with the tes-

in part as follows:

r heard a 'Mormon' sermon preached and I always told my mother and the preachers that when the Lord wanted me to join a church, He would have to reveal it to me. This He has done, most assuredly, and by His grace I will try to live a pure life in the 'Mormon'

This is only one case in which the general attention given to the Church, through the efforts of opponents, has resulted in infinite good, How many more have obtained light by the same means? Only the future can reveal

In divine providence, events often take a turn different from that intended by weak man, "Ye thought evil againts me; but God meant it unto good, to bring to pass, as it is this day, to save much people," was true philosophy when Joseph contemplated the act of his brethren by which he became, apparently, an outcast from his father's home, and was sent into Egypt.

The presidential year, as election year s called, is generally held responsible for whatever business adverses are encountered. The Chicago Inter-Ocean rather ridicules the idea thus:

"When the time approaches for a presidential election various little economics are practiced both in business and in the home. If the office force is a trifle large, considering the revenue. the surplus clerk is relieved, with the explanation that after the fall elections will probably be an opening If the freight receipts fall off again. If the freight receipts fall off the railway manager calls in his idle cars, reduces expenses and waits for the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November. And the humble house-holder, looking about to relieve the train, mows his own lawn and dis-charges the cook. These things hap-pen every presidential year. Whether pen every presidential year. Whether from superstition or fact, the great American public has come to regard the time preceding the election of a president as a time for hard luck and retrenchment. Are the hens refusing to lay? It is presidential year. Is the wheat crop backward? Wait until after November. What is the matter with November. What is the matter with the backward summer? It is waiting for the early fall."

While Mr. Perdicaris may not be achieving liberty he is acquiring fame.

Did Kuropatkin cut the wires so that he would not have to "regret to re-

The original Alkali Ike is dead. But there is plenty of alkali left for posterity.

By denouncing editorial paragraphs

Henry Watterson turned a flood of them loose. President Loubet has seen Rome

but has not died, though the sight is worriyng him. "First aid to the injured" would do

more skilful aid. Those who make a gala day of Memorial day believe in letting the dead

the Russians no good now. They need

Pueblo, Colorado, is trying to set up as a health resort. The healthy might resort there, the invalids never.

past bury its dead,

It begins to look as though Kuropatkin were about to prepare a report stating that "all is lost save honor."

If Mr. Bryan were to come out for Judge Parker it could scarcely fail to bring forth some sort of an exclamation from that gentleman.

The Russian press is counseling the Russian people to be patient. There is nothing like patience when one can't help himself.

Attorney-General Knox announces that he will at once proceed against the coal trust. The public is anxious to see an account of the proceedings.

The Presbyterfan General Assembly of the United States has prayed the Senate to expel Senator Smoot. The prayers of the wicked availeth not.

Mrs. Fisk's efforts to bust the theatrical trust give her more advertising than a dozen hotel fires, railroad smashups and stolen 'fewelry cases would.

Mr. Anthony Comstock says that Chicago is not immeral. Now the Windy City has a certificate of character from the most eminent moralist of

"Mr. Steffens' book has done for American cities what De Tocqueville did for the country over a hundred years ago. But though this book of Mr. Steffens' should be in every social and economic library, for it is a work of real scientific importance-still the reader must feel in the literary currents of the day that "The Shame of the Cities' will not be so lonesome in its field as was De Tocqueville's 'Democracy' in its day," says William Allen White ("What's the Matter-with-Kansas" White). As the distinguished Frenchman was not born till 1805 and his great work on "Democracy in America" was not published till 1835, it is up to Mr. White to tell his fellow countrymen just what "De Tocqueville did for the country over a hundred years ago."

THE POPE AND FRANCE.

Cleveland Plain Dealer. The relations between France and the Vatican have been going so long and so Vatican have been going so long and so steadily from bad to worse that the rupture of last week hardly came in the nature of a surprise. President Loubet recently visited the King of Italy in Rome, ignoring the Vatican. In consequence Pope Pius forwarded to the powers a protest against this treatment. The French government took excep-tions to the tone of this protest rather than to the act itself, and, failing to secure from its ambassador to the Vati-can certain information relative to the protest, recalled its diplomatic repre

Springfield Republican. The French government has acted igorously in withdrawing its ambassador from the Vatican because of the papal protest against the visit of Presi-dent Loubet to King Victor Emmanuel in Rome. There is every indication that the papal secretary of state, Cardinal Merry del Val, has handled the case

hich he inserted in the circular to th ther Catholic powers, he furnished the French government gratuituosly with a grievance. Aside from that, the papal policy of raising the issue at all, how-ever consistent it was with the preever consistent it was with the pre-tentions to temporal power, is daily proved to be a blunder of increasing magnitude, so far as France is con-carned. The ministry of Combes is now sure of support in this matter from quarters usually hostile to it. French national feeling cannot fail to be of-fended, notwithstanding the religious sympathies of the people, by papal in-terference with the president's diploma-tic duties. tic duties.

Chicago Record-Herald.

It is to the days of Henry VIII, and Elizabeth of England that one must go Elizabeth of England that one must go back if one seeks a parallel to the great conflict that is now developing in France between state and church. The reformation in England was more a political than a religious movement. The movement in France today is also at bottom political. It is forcing—it has, indeed, to a great extent already forced—French Catholics to make their choice between lovality to the state and loyalty French Catholics to make their choice between loyalty to the state and loyalty to the church in the person of its great ruler, the pope. The parallel is, of course, not complete. In England the Catholics establishment transformed itself in the course of time into the es-tablished Church of England. In France today there is no sign of any

New York Evening Post. New York Evening Post.

Of the Pope's circular note of protest against President Loubet's visit to Victor Emmanuel III, there seems to be only one opinion, namely, that it was a grave mistake, and augurs ill for the future diplomacy of the Holy See, The pity of it is that the protest was evidently dictated by a sincere, if narrow, plety, and the consequences of this ill-advised expression recall Pere Hyacinthe's recent criticism, that 'nothing advised expression recall Pere Hyacinthe's recent criticism, that "nothing
is more dangerous in a Pope than plety
when it is subject to the influence of a
secretary of state more or less of a
Spaniard and a reactiobary." As if to
confirm this view, Mgr. Mery del Val's
hand is thought to appear in an alteration of the circular letter. The version
which reached the French foreign office lacked certain minatory phrases
which went to all the other chancellerwhich went to all the other chanceller ies of the Catholic world. Naturally this suppression. once discovered, has eightened the offence.

New York World.

There are many close students of reach politics who do not believe that French politics who do not believe that M. Combes has ever contemplated a severance of the relations formally established by Espoleon between France and the Vatican. Under the terms of the Concordat the French government pays the salaries of the secular clergy, and it is able generally to count upon them as allies, as was shown notably in the enactment of the Association laws. To abolish the Concordat would throw the entire cost of supporting the Church the entire cost of supporting the Church upon the shoulders of the French Cath-olics, while depriving the government of the powerful weapon of control which it wields as holder of the purse-

Thursday, Friday, Saturday, June 2, 3, 4.

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